村料工程系專題製作成果報告 連續式合成銀參雜介孔生物活性玻璃之生物性與抗菌性研究 Bioactive Glass 學生:林宇謙U99187018、林柏均U99187020 指導教授:陳勝吉老師、施劭儒老師 Bioactive glass (BG) is a material that can form strong chemical bonds with bone tissues because of the hydroxyapatite (HA) layers that will formed on the surface of bioactive glass when it is implanted in a human body. In order to achieve higher bioactivity, one of the strategies is to increase the specific surface area of bioactive glass by synthesize mesoporous bioactive glass (MBG). Therefore, the improvements in the mesoporous bioactive glass that has antibacterial properties can be achieved by doped the mesoporous bioactive glass with antibacterial agents.

儀器設備

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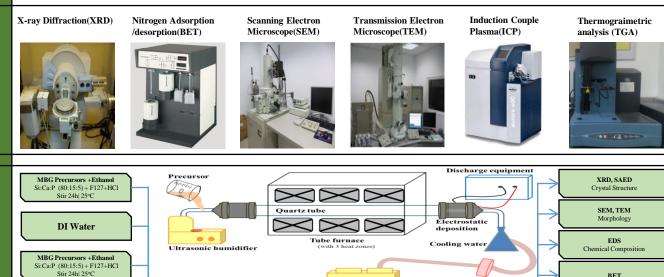
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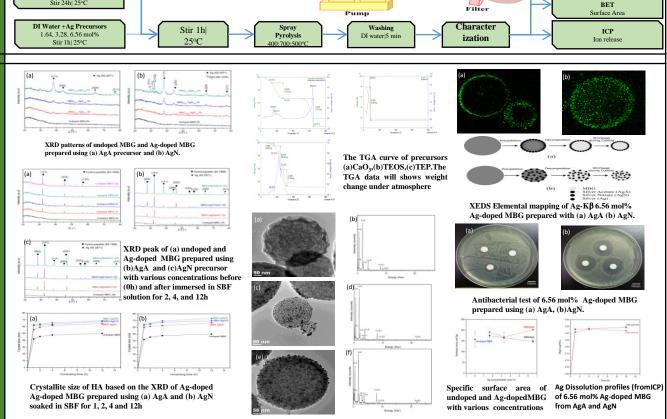
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1.The silver-doped MBG (Si-Ca-P mesoporous bioactive glass) is successfully synthesized bu using SP: that this process to synthesized silver-doped MBG is not yet be found before.

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^{2.} The distributions of sliver doped are determined by the solubility of the silver precursor that is used on the process. The Ag doped distributions of AgAcase is on the surface and for AgN case is distributed homogeneously within the particles.

^{3.} Silver content in the mesoporous bioactive glass does not inhibit but supposed to enhance the hydroxyapatite formation (bioactivity) of the mesoporous bioactive glass.